**TOWN OF OSCEOLA**

**FOND DU LAC COUNTY, WISCONSIN**

**SEX OFFENDER RESIDENCY ORDINANCE**

The Town Board or the Town of Osceola, at a duly noticed public meeting with quorum present and voting, hereby ordains the following:

**Section 1: Recitals.**

The Wisconsin Statutes, including Chapters 940, 944, and 948 thereof, govern the punishment of individuals who commit sex crimes. The Wisconsin Statutes also govern the release into the community of such individuals. The Town of Osceola is responsible to maintain the public health, safety and welfare and finds that sex offenders have high recidivism rates that threaten the public health, safety, and welfare, especially that of children.

**Section 2: Purpose.**

The purpose of this Ordinance is to protect the public health, safety, and welfare in the Town of Osceola by regulating the residency of sex offenders.

**Section 3: Definitions.**

1. Sex Offender. A person who has been convicted of, has been found delinquent of, or has been found not guilty of by reason of disease or mental defect of a Sexually Violent Offense or a Crime Against Children.
2. Sexually Violent Offense. Shall have the meaning set forth in Wis. Stat. S 980.01 (6).
3. Crime Against Children. Shall mean any of the following offenses set forth in Wisconsin Statutes, as amended, or in the laws of this or any other state or the federal government having like elements necessary for conviction, respectively:

Wis. Stat. S 940.225(1) First Degree Sexual Assault

Wis. Stat. S 940.225(2) Second Degree Sexual Assault

Wis. Stat. S 940.225(3) Third Degree Sexual Assault

Wis. Stat. S 940.225(2) Sexual Exploitation by Therapist

Wis. Stat. S 940.30 False Imprisonment – Victim was Minor and Not Offender’s Child

Wis. Stat. S 940.31 Kidnapping – Victim was Minor and Not Offender’s Child

Wis. Stat. S 944.02 Rape (prior statute, now Wis Stat. S 940.225)

Wis. Stat. S 944.06 Incest

Wis. Stat. S 944.10 Sexual Intercourse with a Child (prior statute, now Wis. Stat. S 948.02)

Wis. Stat. S 944.11 Indecent Behavior with a Child (prior statute, now Wis. Stat. S 948.02)

Wis. Stat. S 944.12 Enticing Child for Immoral Purposes (prior statute, now Wis. Stat. S 948.07)

Wis. Stat. S 948.02(1) First Degree Sexual Assault of a Child

Wis. Stat. S 948.01(2) Second Degree Sexual Assault of a Child

Wis. Stat. S 948.025 Engaging in Repeated Acts of Sexual Assault of the Same Child

Wis. Stat. S 948.05 Sexual Exploitation of a Child

Wis. Stat. S 948.055 Causing a Child to View or Listen to Sexual Activity

Wis. Stat. S 948.06 Incest with a Child

Wis. Stat. S 948.07 Child Enticement

Wis. Stat. S 948.075 Use of a Computer to Facilitate a Child Sex Crime

Wis. Stat. S 948.08 Soliciting a Child for Prostitution

Wis. Stat. S 948.095 Sexual Assault of a Student by School Instruction Staff

Wis. Stat. S 948.11(2)(a) or (am) Exposing a Child to Harmful Material

Wis. Stat. S 948.12 Possession of Child Pornography

Wis. Stat. S 948.13 Convicted Child Sex Offender Working with Children

Wis. Stat. S 948.30 Abduction of Another’s Child

Wis. Stat. S 971.17 Not Guilty by Reason of Mental Disease or an Included Offense

Wis. Stat. S 975.06 Sex Crime Law Enforcement

1. Residence. A place where a person sleeps, abides, lodges, or resides on a permanent or regular basis. For the purposes of this definition, a permanent basis means 14 or more consecutive days, and a regular basis means 14 or more aggregate days during any calendar year and four or more days in any month. A Person may have more than one residence.

**Section 4: Residency Restriction.**

* 1. Except as otherwise provided in his Ordinance, a Sex Offender may not reside within 2,000 feet of any real property upon which there exists any of the following uses:
		1. A school for children.
		2. A public park, park facility, or pathway.
		3. A daycare licensed by the State of Wisconsin.
		4. A public library.
		5. A public playground.
		6. A public athletic field used by children.
		7. A residential care center for children.
		8. A public swimming pool.
	2. For purposes of this section, distance is to be measured in a straight line from the closest boundary line of the real property upon which the Sex Offender’s residence is located to the closest boundary line of the real property of the applicable use.

**Section 5: Residency Restriction Exceptions.**

A Sex Offender residing within an area otherwise prohibited by Section 4 does not commit an offense if any of the following apply:

1. The person is required to serve a sentence at a jail, prison, juvenile facility, or other facility located at the otherwise prohibited location.
2. The person had established a Residence, as defined in Section 3 above, at the location prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.
3. The use enumerated in Section 4 was established after the Sex Offender established a residence at the location and registered that residence as required by law.
4. The Sex Offender is a minor or ward under guardianship.

**Section 6: Safety Zones.**

No Sex Offender may enter or be present on any real property upon which there exists any facility used for or which supports the use of:

1. A school for children.
2. A public park, park facility, or pathway.
3. A daycare licensed by the State of Wisconsin.
4. A public library.
5. A public playground.
6. A public athletic field used by children.
7. A residential care center for children.
8. A public swimming pool.

**Section 7: Safety Zones Exemptions.**

1. The property supporting a use enumerated in Section 6 also supports a church, synagogue, mosque, temple, or other house of religious worship, subject to the following conditions:
	1. Entrance and presence on the property may occur only during hours of worship or other religious program or service.
	2. The person may not participate in any religious education programs that include individuals under the age of
2. The property supporting a use enumerated in Section 6 also supports a use lawfully attended by the Sex Offender’s natural or adopted child or children, which child’s use reasonably requires the attendance of the Sex Offender, provided that entrance and presence on the property occurs only during hours of activity related to the use by the child or children.
3. The property supporting a use remunerated in Section 6 also supports a polling location in a local, state, or federal election, subject to the following conditions:
	1. The Sex Offender is eligible to vote.
	2. The polling location is the designated polling location for the Sex Offender.
	3. The Sex Offender casts his or her ballot with whatever usual and customary assistance is available and vacates the property immediately after voting.

1. The property supporting sue enumerated in Section6 also supports a school lawfully attended by the Sex Offender as a student, provided that the Sex Offender may only remain on the property at such times that are reasonably required for his or her educational purposes.
2. The property supporting a use enumerated in Section 6 also supports a police station, Town Hall, or other governmental building, provided that the Sex Offender vacates the property immediately after completing the activity that requires his or her presence at the property.

**Section 8: Original Residency Restriction.**

In addition to the other residency restrictions set forth herein and subject to the limitations in Section 5, no Sex Offender may establish a residence in the Town of Osceola unless he or she was a resident of Fond du Lac County at the time of the most recent offense resulting in the person’s most recent conviction, commitment, or placement as a Sex Offender. This limitation shall not apply to the establishment of a residence at a dwelling that is owned by a member of the Sex Offender’s family at the time the Sex Offender establishes residence therein. For purposes of this section, a member of a Sex Offender’s family means the Sex Offender’s mother, father, brother, sister, child, or grandparent.

**Section 9: Rental of Property for use by Sex Offenders**.

No person may rent any place, structure, or part thereof with knowledge that it will be used as a residence by any Sex Offender that is prohibited from establishing residence therein by this Ordinance.

**Section 10: Petition for Exemption.**

A Sex Offender may seek an exemption from this Ordinance by petitioning to the Sex Offender Residence Board (“Residence Board”).

1. The Residence Board shall consist of three citizens residing in the Town. Members shall be selected by the Town Chairperson subject to the approval of the Town Board. Members shall serve for a term of five years and shall serve no more than two consecutive terms. The terms for the initial members of the Residence Board shall be staggered with one member serving one year, a second member serving three years, and a third member serving five years.
2. The Residence Board shall have the authority to approve or deny an official petition form. The Sex Offender seeking an exemption must complete the petition and submit it to the Town Clerk, who shall forward it to the Residence Board. The Residence Board shall hold a hearing on each petition, during which the Residence Board may review any pertinent information and accept oral or written statements from any person. The Residence Board shall base its decision on factors related to the Town’s interest in promoting, protecting, and improving the health, safety, and welfare of the community. Applicable factors for the Residence Board to consider include, but are not limited to:
3. Nature of the offense that resulted in designated offender status.
4. Date of offense.
5. Age at time of the offense.
6. Recommendation of probation or parole officer.
7. Recommendation of the Police Department.
8. Recommendation of any treating practitioner.
9. Counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation status of the Sex Offender.
10. Remorse of Sex Offender.
11. Duration of time since Sex Offender’s incarceration.
12. Support network of Sex Offender
13. Relationship of offender and victim(s).
14. Presence or use of force in offense(s).
15. Adherence to terms of probation or parole.
16. Proposals for safety assurances of Sex Offender.
17. Conditions to be placed on the exemption.
18. The Residence Board shall decide by majority vote whether to grant or deny an exemption. An exemption may be unconditional or limited to a certain address, time, or subject to other reasonable conditions. The Residence Board’s decision shall be final for purposes of any appeal. A written copy of the decision shall be provided to the Sex Offender.
19. The Exemption Form must be completed and returned to the office of the Town Clerk no later than 30 days prior to establishing residency in the Town of Osceola.

**Section 11: Enforcement.**

A person violating this Ordinance shall be subject to forfeitures in an amount of not less than $200 or more than $500 for each violation plus the cost of prosecution (including reasonable attorneys’ fees). For purposes of calculating forfeitures, each day that a violation exists shall constitute a separate offense. Violations of this Ordinance are also deemed public nuisances, and the Town may bring an action in circuit court to enjoin or abate any violation.

**Section 12: Severability.**

The terms and provisions of this Ordinance are severable. Should any term or provision of this Ordinance be found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining terms and provisions shall remain in full force and effect, or, to the extent permitted by law, the court is authorized to substitute an alternative term or provisions for the invalid term or provision.

**Section 13: Rules of Construction.**

In the construction of the Ordinance, references to the singular include the plural. A reference to “person” extends to natural persons, firms, corporations, partnerships, limited liability companies, or other entities.

**Section 14: Effective Date.**

This Ordinance shall be effective upon its adoption and publication.

Dated this 17th day of October, 2023

Published October 26, 2023

**TOWN OF OSCEOLA**

By: Terry Leininger Attest: **Kay Wege**

 Terry Leininger, Town Chairman Kay Wege, Town Clerk